

1

Selection of Replacement Heifers

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2

The Beef Geneticist's Dilemma...

- Seedstock production...all the tools all the time!
 - Genotype is what we build and sell
- Commercial production
 - Phenotype pays the bills
 - $P=G+E$
 - What's the role of 'E' proportionally?
 - What genetics technologies should we use?

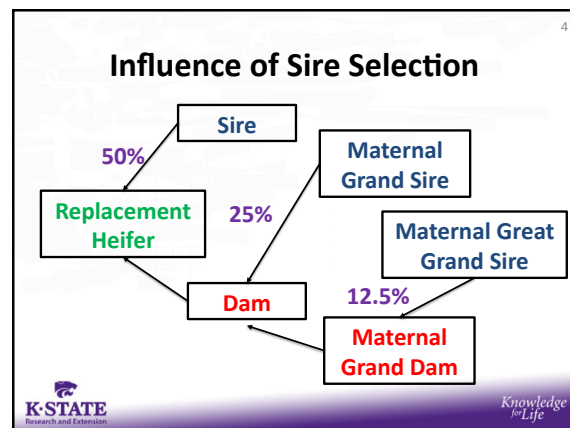
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Replacement Female Genetic Improvement

- Most of improvement is not from selection of heifers per se.
 - Heritability of fertility/repro traits is low
 - Maternal trait heritability is low
 - In commercial herds little to no genetic predictions on candidates
- Sire selection contributes >87% of gene flow in herd over time...make it count!

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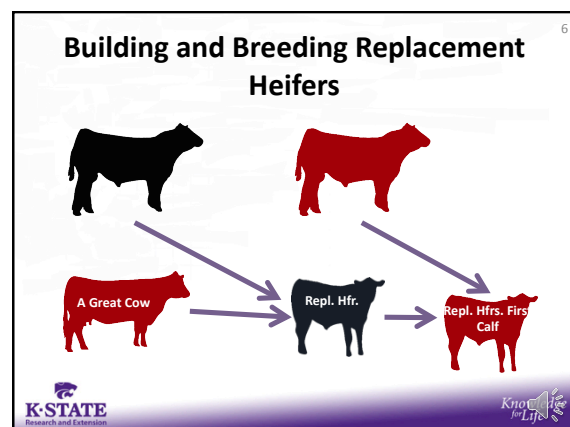


5

Genetic Selection for Replacements

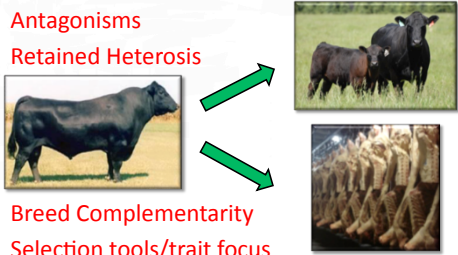
- Leverage sire selection
- Select sires of replacements for traits of economic importance for maternal performance
 - Optimal growth, mature size, milk, etc.
 - Desirable levels of CED, **MCE**, HP, STAY, \$EN, ME
- Breeding system-build and maintain optimal levels of maternal heterosis
- Build environmentally adapted cows; breed them to market targeted bulls

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One Bull to Do It All...

Antagonisms
Retained Heterosis

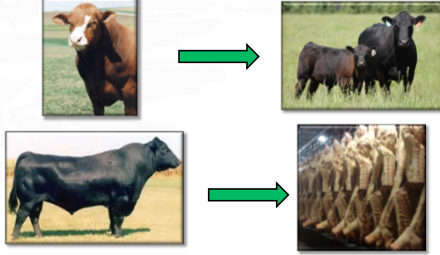


Breed Complementarity
Selection tools/trait focus

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Separate Maternal and Terminal Mating Decisions



More Flexibility

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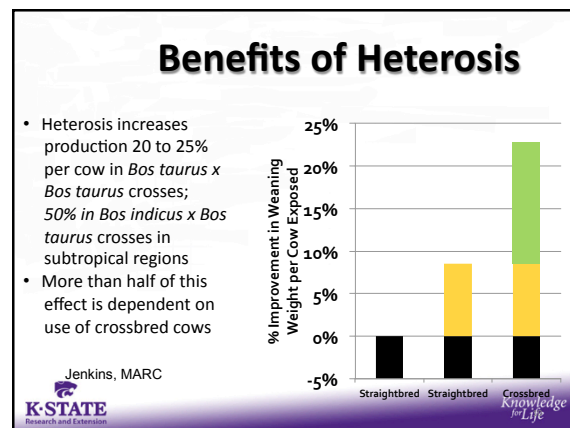
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**Heritability and Heterosis:
Inversely Related**

Trait	Heritability	Heterosis
Reproduction (fertility)	Low	High
Production (growth)	Moderate	Moderate
Product (carcass)	High	Low

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Impact of Increased Reproductive Rate

- Increase % Calf Crop Weaned
- Increase revenue
 - Let's assume a 7% increase, 83-90%, 100 cows
 - 7 hd. of 500 lb calves, \$145/cwt, grosses \$5,075
 - Equivalent to increasing revenue by \$61.44/hd
 - Decrease breakeven by \$11.27/cwt
- No matter how you sell calves, pay wt. drives the bus (#head * avg. wt)

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Replacement candidates that have a leg up...

- Born early in calving season
- From older dam with proven record of fertility
- By a proven sire with:
 - High stayability, heifer pregnancy, docility, calving ease and maternal calving ease EPDs
 - Moderate levels of lactation (MILK), growth
- From middle of calf crop for Adj. BW, WW
- Is a crossbred...exceptional value of maternal heterosis

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What makes a heifer? What makes her SUCCESSFUL?

- Environmental Effects?
 - Age at breeding
 - When were they born in calving distribution
 - Body condition score at calving and breeding
- Genetic Effects
 - Heritability of traits important to maternal performance? LOW $h^2 = 0.1-0.2$
 - Heterosis (value ~\$150/cow/year)

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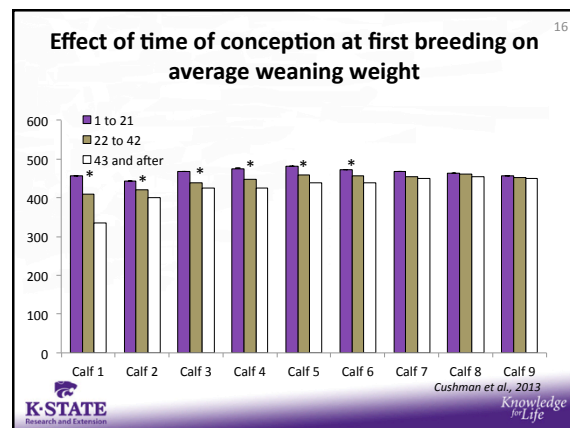
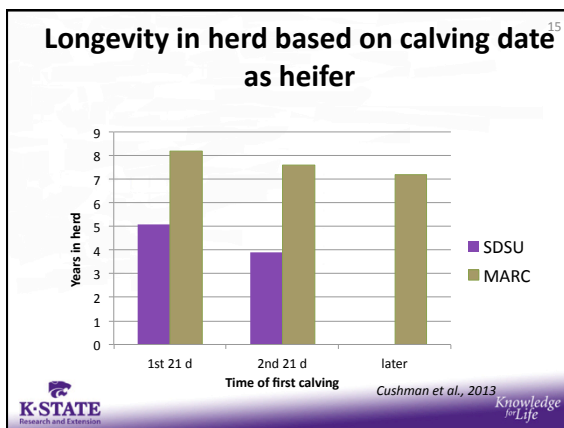
14

Which heifers will be successful?

	Heifers own birth calving periods, 21 day intervals			P-Value
	1	2	3	
n (%)	651 (64)	304 (30)	64 (6)	
Birth date	77 ^a	93 ^b	113 ^c	<0.01
Weaning Weight	482 ^a	469 ^b	433 ^c	<0.03
Prebreeding Weight	651 ^a	642 ^b	607 ^c	0.01
Cycling @ breeding, %	70 ^a	58 ^b	39 ^c	<0.01
Pregnancy rate, %	90 ^a	86 ^b	78 ^c	0.02
Pre-calving weight	944	946	920	0.06
Calved in 1 st 21 days, %	81 ^a	69 ^b	65 ^b	0.01
Calf weaning weight	425	416	409	0.10

Funston et al., 2012

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17

Heifer Selection-SOP

- Select heifers born early in calving season (first 30 days) 50% or heifers
- Select heifers from the middle 50% for adjusted weaning weight to prevent run up in mature weight lactation.
- Half of half is a quarter. How many replacements do you need?
 - Many breeders will breed enough to replace ~20-25% of herd EACH YEAR.

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Use of Repro Technologies


- Estrus Sync and AI to breed early calved cows to high merit maternal sires
 - Gender sort semen to target female production
 - reduces proportion of the cows bred 'maternally' in herd
 - Increases cows mated to 'terminal' bulls-enhanced calf revenue
 - Easier implementation of crossbreeding system
- Genomics to confirm parentage of AI calves if necessary

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Conclusions:

- Do the easy, effective things first
 - Cow size/lactation/sire selection to fit prod. env.
 - Heterosis (esp. maternal)
 - Separate maternal/terminal sire selection decisions
- Longer term goals (but tactics implemented ASAP)
 - Sire selection for maternal traits
 - Daughter traits: fertility (HP, Rebreding), longevity (Stayability), maintenance energy (ME)
 - Low heritabilities=slow progress but important

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Thank You!

Questions?

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